### CONDOMINIUM ACT, 1998

## CERTIFICATE IN RESPECT OF A BY-LAW (under subsection 56(9) of the Condominium Act, 1998)

ESSEX STANDARD CONDOMINIUM CORPORATION NO. 122 hereby certifies

that:

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- The copy of By-Law Number 1, attached as Schedule A, is a true copy of the By-Law.
- 2 The By-law was made in accordance with the Condominium Act, 1998.
- ţ The owners of a majority of the units of the Corporation have voted in favour of confirming

Dated this  $(A^{H})$  bay of June, 2007.

ESSEX STANDARD CONDOMINIUM GORROWATION NO. 12-2

Dr. Dante Capaldi, President

Per: And of all

Per: US Capal Treasurer Wilma Capaldi, Secretary Treasurer

We have authority to bind the Corporation.

## ESSEX STANDARD CONDOMINIUM CORPORATION NO

#### BY-LAW NO. 1

Be it enacted as a by-law of Essex Standard Condominium Gerporation No. the "Corporation" of this or the "Condominium") as follows: 122 (hereinafter referred to as this or

### ARTICLE I - DEFINITIONS

1.01 In addition to those words, terms and/or phrases specifically defined in this by-law, the words, terms and/or phrases used herein shall have the meanings or definitions ascribed to them in the Condominium Act, 1998, S.O. 1998, c. 19, as amended, and the regulations made thereunder from time to time (all of which are hereinafter collectively referred to as the "Act"), and in the declaration of the Corporation (hereinafter referred to as the "Declaration"), unless this by-law specifies otherwise, or unless the context requires otherwise

#### ARTICLE II - SEAL

2.01 have authority to bind the Corporation" is noted below the signature(s) of the person(s) duly authorized to sign any such documents or instruments for and on behalf of the Corporation, and such documents or instruments shall accordingly have the same force and effect (for all purposes) as if same had been executed under the seal of the Corporation. The seal of the Corporation shall be in the form impressed hereon (or in the margin immediately beside this Section). Notwithstanding that the Corporation has a seal, any documents or instruments executed by or on behalf of the Corporation, and intended to bind the Corporation (including any documents or instruments that would ordinarily require the seal of the Corporation to be affixed thereto) need not be executed under seal, provided the statement "I/We

### ARTICLE III - RECORDS

- 3.01 items, The Corporation shall keep and maintain all records required by Section 55 of the Act, including the following lists, records and documents (hereinafter collectively referred to as the "Records"), namely:
- 2 period to which they relate; all financial records of the Corporation and of the declarant of the Corporation (hereinafter referred to as the "Declarant") relating to the operation of the Corporation, for at least six (6) years from the end of the last fiscal
- 9 the minute book of the Corporation, containing amongst other things, the minutes of owners' meetings and the minutes of Board meetings
- C a copy of the registered Declaration, together with the registered by-laws and current rules of the Corporation, including a copy of all applications made under Section 109 of the Act to amend the Declaration (if applicable) for which the court has not made an order (as contemplated in subsection 76(1)(g) of the Act);
- d) the seal of the Corporation;
- <u>e</u>) copies of all agreements entered into by the Corporation, or by the Declarant or the Declarant's representatives on behalf of the Corporation, including all management contracts, deeds, leases, licences, easements and agreements entered into by the Corporation pursuant to subsection 98(1)(b) of the Act that bind or affect any
- Ĵ Corporation's current insurance policies, and copies of all insurance trust agreements; copies of all policies of insurance, and the related certificates or memoranda of insurance for each of the
- 8 bills of sale or transfers for all items that are assets of the Corporation, but not part of the property;
- 巴 Corporation receives in writing from owners and mortgagees respectively, in accordance with the provisions of subsection 47(1) of the Act (hereinafter referred to as the "Voting Record"); record of the names and corresponding addresses for service of each owner and mortgagee that the
- <u>...</u> a record of all written notices received by the Corporation from owners who lease their respective units, or who renew any such leases, pursuant to subsection 83(1) of the Act (e.g. Confirming that an owner's unit has been leased, together with the lessee's name, the owner's address, and a copy of the lease or renewal, or a summary have been terminated and not renewed, pursuant to subsection 83(2) of the Act (hereinafter collectively referred of same), as well as all written notices received by the Corporation from owners confirming that any such leases the "Leasing Record");
- j) employees of the Corporation; all records which the Corporation has or possesses (or which are under its control) related to the units or to
- 还 all existing warranties and guarantees for all equipment, fixtures and chattels included in the sale of either the units or the common elements, that are not protected by warranties and guarantees given directly to a unit
- $\exists$ the as-built architectural, structural, engineering, mechanical, electrical and plumbing plans;
- 巴 as-built specifications, indicating all substantive changes, if any, from the original specifications;

- J other communication services; all existing plans for underground site services, site grading, drainage and landscaping, and television, radio or
- ೨ all other existing plans and information not mentioned in the preceding subparagraphs 3.01 (l), (m) and (n) hereof, that are relevant to the repair or maintenance of the property;
- if the property of the Corporation is subject to the Ontario New Home Warranties Plan Act, R.S.O. 1990, as (hereinafter referred to as the "ONHWP Act"):

**b** 

- $\odot$ pursuant to subsection 43(5)(f)(i) of the Act), confirming that the units and common elements have been enrolled in the Ontario New Home Warranty Program within the meaning of the ONHWP Act, an executed copy of Form 3 prescribed by Section 37 of Ontario Regulation 49/01 to the Act (issued in accordance with the regulations made thereunder; and
- $\Xi$ a copy of all final reports on inspections that the Ontario New Home Warranty Program requires to be carried out on (or with respect to) the common elements;
- 9 are responsible; responsibilities for repair after damage and maintenance, and indicating whether the Corporation or the owners copy of the table that the Declarant has delivered pursuant to subsection 43(5)(g) of the Act, setting out the
- IJ determining the responsibility for repairing improvements after damage and insuring them; what constitutes a standard unit for each class of unit that the Declarant specifies, for a copy of the schedule that the Declarant has delivered pursuant to subsection 43(5)(h) of the Act, setting out the purpose ġ,
- S a record of all reserve fund studies, and all plans to increase the reserve fund pursuant to subsection 94(8) of the Act (hereinafter collectively referred to as the "Reserve Fund Record")
- ţ copy of the most current disclosure statement delivered by the Declarant to a unit purchaser prior to the
- ٤ person who conducts said performance audit, if applicable; the performance audit report described in subsection 44(8) of the Act, that the Corporation receives from the
- ځ a copy of any order appointing an inspector or administrator, if applicable, pursuant to Section 130 or 131 of the Act, together with any report that the Corporation receives from an inspector in accordance with subsection 130(4) of the Act;
- ځ notices issued by or to the Corporation which accompany (or are referred to in) said status certificates, including all notices issued under subsection 94(9) and Section 109 of the Act) within the previous ten (10) years, as required by Section 15 of Ontario Regulation 48/01; a copy of all status certificates issued by the Corporation under Section 76 of he Act (together with copies of all
- × be considered at each meeting), within the previous ten (10) years; business to be presented at each meeting, or having respectively appended to them an agenda of the matters a copy of all notices of meetings of owners sent by or on behalf of the Corporation (specifying the nature of the ਠ
- প্ত a copy of all notices of lien issued by the Corporation to delinquent owners pursuant to subsection 85(4) of the Act, in respect of which the corresponding certificates of lien have not been discharged or vacated by court
- Ñ all instruments appointing a proxy for a meeting of owners, for not more than ninety (90) days from the date of the meeting at which the proxies were utilized, pursuant to subsection 52(7) of the Act;
- aa) all records relating to actual or pending litigation (or insurance investigations) involving the Corporation (as Corporation (as contemplated in subsection 76(1)(h) of the Act); contemplated in subsection 55(4)(b) of the Act), together with copies of all outstanding judgments against he
- <u>bb</u>) a copy of the budget of the Corporation for the current fiscal year, together with the last annual audited financial statements and auditor's report on such statements (as contemplated in subsection 76(1)(i) of the Act);
- 6 pursuant to Section 132 of the Act, regarding any issue(s) in dispute involving the Corporation (or to which the Corporation is a party), together with copies of all court orders issued in those circumstances where the Corporation was a party to the proceeding or other wise directly affected thereby; and a copy of all minutes of settlement and/or written decisions made by any mediator or arbitrator appointed
- dd) all other records as may be prescribed or specified in any other by-laws of the Corporation, together with copies of all other materials received by the Corporation that the regulations to the Act may hereafter require Declarant to deliver on or shortly after the Turnover Meeting (as contemplated in subsection 43(5)(m) of the

- 4.01 Board shall lay before each annual meeting of owners a financial statement made in accordance with generally accepted of such other business as may be set out in the notice of meeting or otherwise properly brought before the meeting. directors, appointing an auditor and fixing or authorizing the Board to fix his or her remuneration, and for the transaction before the owners at an annual meeting, and for the purposes of electing directors, confirming by-laws passed by Corporation (herein referred to as the "Board") may from time to time determine, for the purpose of hearing and receiving the reports and statements required by the Act, the Declaration and the by-laws of the Corporation to be laid Annual Meetings: The annual meeting of the owners shall take place within six (6) months following the Corporation's fiscal year end, and shall be held at such place and on such day and time in each year, as the board of directors of the financial position of the Corporation a the by-laws may from time to time require accounting principals, as well as the report of the auditor to the owners, and such further information respecting the
- 4.02 forthwith after such appointment is made. directly by the Board). appointed by the owners), or fixed by the Board (if authorized to do so by the owners, or if the auditor is appointed within six (6) months of the end of each fiscal year of the Corporation. The owners shall, at such first meeting, appoint one or more auditors to hold office until the close of the next annual meeting, and if the owners fail to do so, the Board shall forthwith make such appointment. The remuneration of an auditor shall be fixed by the owners (if the auditor is general meeting of owners not more than three (3) months after the registration of the Declaration, and subsequently The First Annual General Meeting: Pursuant to subsection 45(2) of the Act, the Board shall hold the first annual The Corporation shall then give notice in writing to an auditor of his or her appointment
- 4.03 shall be procured at the sole expense of the Corporation. Finally, within sixty (60) days after the Turnover Meeting, the Declarant shall deliver to the Board audited financial statements of the Corporation prepared by the auditor, on behalf of the owners and at the expense of the Corporation, as of the last day of the month in which the Turnover Meeting was the new Board elected at that meeting the Corporation's seal and all the books, agreements, insurance policies, bills of sale, records and documents required to be transferred pursuant to subsection 43(4) of the Act. Moreover, within thirty 43(5) of the Act, on the express understanding that the items described in subsections 43(5)(j) and 43(5)(k) of the Act reports, tables, schedules, records, studies, statements and documents required to be transferred pursuant to subsection (30) days after the Turnover Meeting, the Declarant shall deliver to the Board all of the warranties, plans, specifications any mortgagee entitled to vote may call the meeting. At the Turnover Meeting, the Declarant or its agents shall give to (herein referred to as the "Turnover Meeting"). If the Turnover Meeting is not called within such time, any owner or owners to elect a new Board, and such meeting shall be held within twenty-one (21) days after the calling of the meeting Turnover Meeting: The Board, elected at a time when the Declarant owns a majority of the units shall, not more than twenty-one (21) days after the Declarant ceases to be the registered owner of a majority of the units, call a meeting of the
- 4.04 Special Meetings: The Board shall, upon the receipt of a requisition in writing made by any owner or owners who alone or together own not less than fifteen (15%) percent of the units and who are listed in the Voting Record as being entitled to vote (or made by any mortgagee(s) holding mortgages on not less than fifteen (15%) percent of the units and who have the right and entitlement to vote at a meeting of owners (in the place and stead of the owners of the units so mortgaged) and who are correspondingly listed in the Voting Record as being entitled to vote), call and hold a meeting annual general meeting. If the meeting is not called and held within thirty-five (35) days of receipt of the requisition, any of the requisitionists may call the meeting, which meeting shall be held within forty-five (45) days of the day on which the meeting is called. In addition, the Board may, on its own initiative, at any time call a special meeting of the owners for the transaction of any business, the nature of which shall be specified in the notice calling the meeting. requisition or consent in writing, add the business to be presented at the requisitioned meeting to the agenda for the next owners within thirty-five (35) days of receipt of the requisition, or if the requisitionists so request in the
- 4.05 that are to be discussed at the meeting (if applicable), together with a copy of any requisition by any owner of owners made pursuant to Section 46 of the Act (if applicable). No vote shall be taken at a meeting of owners on any matter, other than routine procedural issues, unless that matter was clearly disclosed in the notice of the meeting. address for service, and that he or she has become a mortgagee and is authorized or empowered in such mortgage to exercise the right of the mortgagor to vote or consent at a meeting of owners, in the place and stead of the unit the hour of the meeting of owners (including the first annual general meeting, the Turnover Meeting, and each annual or special meeting of owners), shall be given to the auditor of the Corporation and to each owner and mortgagee whose name appears in the Voting Record on the twentieth (20th) day before the date of any such meeting, in accordance with a copy of all proposed changes (if any) to the Declaration, by-laws, rules and/or agreements involving the Corporation meeting, or have appended to it an agenda of the matters to be considered at such meeting, and shall be accompanied by owner/mortgagor. Each notice of meeting of owners shall specify the nature of the business to be presented at the address for service to the Corporation), nor to any mortgagee who has failed to notify the Corporation of his or her not notified the Corporation that he or she has become an owner (nor to any owner who has not provided his or her subsections 47(5) and 70(2) of the Act. The Corporation shall not be obliged to give any notice to any owner who has Notice of Meeting to Owners and Mortgagees: At least fifteen (15) days prior written notice of the place, the date and
- 4.06 Other Notices to Owners: In the case of a notice to owners that is not a notice of a meeting of owners, such notice shall be in writing and be given by the Corporation to those persons whose names appear in the Voting Record on the fifth (5") day before the day the notice is given, in accordance with subsection 47(6) of the Act
- 4.07 case may be) expressly objects to such failure at such meeting. Corporation to give the required notice of any such meeting, unless such owner or mortgagee or his or her proxy (as the Waiver of Notice by Owners and Mortgagees: Any owner or mortgagee who attends a meeting of owners, or who is represented by proxy at any such meeting, shall be deemed to have waived the right to object to a failure by the
- 4.08 Auditor's Report and Financial Statements: The Corporation shall attach to (or include with) each notice of an annual general meeting of owners a copy of the auditor's report and the financial statements of the Corporation for the previous

- 4.09 fiscal year (as approved by the Board).

  Minutes of Meetings: A copy of the minutes of the meetings of owners and of the Board shall, within thirty (30) days of such meeting, be furnished to each owner or mortgagee who has, in writing, requested same, upon payment to the Corporation of a reasonable charge for photocopying such minutes
- 4.10 be present at the meeting. Any other person may be admitted only on the invitation of the chairperson of the meeting or directors and officers of the Corporation, a representative of the Corporation's property manager and any others who, although not entitled to vote, are entitled or required under the provisions of the Act or the by-laws of the Corporation to Persons Entitled to be Present: The only persons entitled to attend a meeting of owners shall be the owners and mortgagees entered on the Voting Record, any person entitled to vote at the meeting, the auditor of the Corporation, the with the consent of the majority of those present at the meeting.
- 4.11 Quorum: At any meeting of owners, a quorum shall be constituted when persons entitled to vote in respect of not less than twenty-five (25%) percent of the units (excluding those units not eligible to vote pursuant to subsection 49(3) of the Act) are present in person or represented by proxy at such meeting. If thirty (30) minutes after the time appointed for the holding of any meeting of owners has elapsed and a quorum is not present, the meeting shall stand adjourned and if the meeting was an annual general meeting, the Board shall call a further meeting of the owners in accordance with the Act
- 4.12 accordance with subsection 47(5) of the Act), then such mortgagee shall be entitled to vote at such meeting in the place and stead of the owner/mortgagor. Any dispute over the right to vote shall be resolved by the chairperson of the meeting, upon such evidence from any owner or mortgagee (or their respective proxies) as the chairperson may deem sufficient. The vote of each owner or mortgagee shall be on the basis of one vote per unit, and where two or more subsection 47(5) of the Act). If a unit has been mortgaged, and the provisions of such mortgage authorize or empower the mortgagee to vote or consent at a meeting of owners in the place and stead of the unit owner/mortgagor, then provided such mortgagee is entitled to receive notice of a meeting of owners (ie. where such mortgagee has notified the Corporation, in writing, of his or her name and address for service, and of such mortgagee's corresponding entitlement persons entitled to vote in respect of the same unit disagree on their vote, then the vote in respect of that unit shall not be to vote or consent in the place and stead of the unit owner/mortgagor under the terms of the mortgage, and such mortgagee's name appears in the Voting Record on the twentieth (20th) day before the date of any such meeting, in appears in the Voting Record on the twentieth (20th) day before the date of any such meeting, in accordance with Right to Vote: At each meeting of owners, and subject to the restrictions in Paragraphs 4.16 and 4.19 hereof, every owner of a unit that is not ineligible to vote under subsection 49(3) of the Act shall be entitled to vote at any such meeting. If such owner was entitled to receive notice of the meeting as provided by subsection 51(1) of the Act (ie. counted where such owner has notified the Corporation of his or her name and address for service, and such owner's name
- 4.13 poll him/her, the chairperson shall appoint a secretary. Any question shall be decided by a show of hands unless a poll is required by the chairperson or is demanded by an owner or mortgagee present in person or by proxy and entitled to vote, and unless a poll is so required or demanded, a declaration by the chairperson that the vote upon the issue or matter has of directors shall be by ballot only, other than in the case of acclamation. A demand for a poll may be number of votes recorded in favour of, or against, such issue or matter; provided however that the voting for the election Conduct of Meetings and Method of Voting: At any meeting of owners, the president of the Corporation (or to whomsoever the said president may delegate the responsibility) or failing him/her, the vice-president, or failing him/her, some other person appointed by the Board, of failing such appointment, such other person elected at the meeting shall act as chairperson of the meeting, and the secretary of the Corporation shall act as secretary of the meeting or, failing been carried, or carried by a particular majority, or not carried, is prima facie proof of the fact without proof of the Conduct of Meetings and Method of Voting: At any meeting is so required or demanded and the demand is not withdrawn, a poll upon the question shall be taken in such chairperson shall direct withdrawn.
- 4.14 represent the owner or mortgagee at all meetings of the owners of the Corporation, and may exercise the owner's or mortgagee's vote in the same manner and to the same extent as such owner or mortgagee. If there is more than one estate trustee, committee, guardian or trustee, then the provisions of Paragraph 4.16 hereof shall apply. Representatives: An estate trustee, guardian or trustee of an owner or mortgagee, or the committee or a mentally incompetent owner or mortgagee (and where a corporation acts in any such capacity, any person duly appointed as proxy for such corporation) upon filing with the secretary of the meeting sufficient proof of his or her appointment, shall
- 4.15 proxy, who need not be an owner or mortgagee, to attend and act at the meeting in the same manner, to the same extent, and with the same powers as if the owner or mortgagee were present himself or herself. The instrument appointing a proxy shall be in writing signed by the appointor or his or her attorney authorized in writing, and shall be effective for a particular meeting only. The instrument appointing a proxy shall be deposited with the secretary of the meeting before any vote is cast under its authority. Pursuant to subsection 52(5) of the Act, an instrument appointing a proxy for the Proxies: Every owner or mortgagee entitled to vote at meetings of owners may, by instrument in writing, appoint a proxy is to vote election or removal of a director at a meeting of owners, shall state the name of the directors for and against whom the
- 4.16 Co-Owners: If two or more persons own a unit, or own a mortgage in respect of which a right to vote is exercisable, any one of the owners or mortgagees, as the case may be, may vote in the absence of the other owner(s) or mortgagee(s), but if more than one of them are present or are represented by proxy, then they shall vote in agreement with each other, failing which the vote for such unit shall not be counted
- Multiple Unit Mortgages: If a unit is subject to more than one mortgage for which the mortgagee has the right to vote at a meeting of owners in the place and stead of the owner/mortgagor, then the mortgagee who has priority may exercise that right, and in such case no other mortgagee may exercise that right. If, however, a mortgagee who has priority fails to exercise that right, then the mortgagee who is next in priority may exercise that right, and in such case no other

mortgagee may exercise that right. If none of the mortgagees who have the right to vote or consent on behalf of the owner/mortgagor exercises that right, then the owner/mortgagor shall have the right to vote at a meeting of owners, provided such owner is otherwise entitled to vote in accordance with the provisions of Sections 4.12 and 4.19 hereof.

- 4.18 cast a vote) that are present at the meeting in person or by proxy, provided there is a quorum at the meeting. requires or provides otherwise, be decided by a majority of the votes cast by the owners (and/or mortgagees so entitled to Votes to Govern: At all meetings of owners, every question, issue or matter being voted on shall, unless the Act
- 4.19 such an owner or mortgagee may nevertheless vote if the Corporation receives payment, by way of a certified cheque, of all the arrears (and all other costs and expenses owing to the Corporation) before the meeting is held. owner's or mortgagee's unit are in arrears for more than thirty (30) days prior to the meeting, provided however that entitled to vote at any meeting if any common expenses or other monetary contributions that are payable in respect of the all owners is required on any matter, issue, resolution or motion (as the case may be), an owner or mortgagee is not Entitlement to Vote: Save and except in those instances where the Act provides or stipulates that the unanimous vote of

### ARTICLE V - BOARD OF DIRECTORS

- 5.01 Overall Function: The affairs of the Corporation shall be managed by the Board
- 5.02 constitute a quorum for the transaction of business at any meeting of the Board. Notwithstanding any vacancy on the Board, the remaining directors may exercise all the powers of the Board so long as a quorum of the Board remains in office. In no event shall the quorum be increased past a simple majority of the number of directors of the Board. subsections 42(4) of 42(11) of the Act, the number of directors on the Board shall be three (3), of whom two (2) shall Number and Quorum: Unless and until the composition of the Board is hereafter formally increased by the enactment of another by-law as provided by subsection 27(2) of the Act, and except as otherwise provided or confemnlated by another by-law as provided by subsection 27(2) of the Act, and except as otherwise provided or contemplated by
- 5.03 undischarged bankrupt, or is mentally incompetent. need not own a unit or reside in a unit within the Condominium. Qualifications: Each director and each officer shall be a natural person who is eighteen (18) or more years of age, but No person shall be a director if he or she is an
- 5.04 Disqualification: A person shall immediately cease to be a director or officer of the Corporation, if such person
- <u>a</u> becomes an undischarged bankrupt or a mentally incompetent person;
- 9 owns a unit in the Condominium against which a certificate of lien ha been registered pursuant to subsection 85(2) of the Act, and such lien has not been discharged by or on behalf of the Corporation pursuant to subsection 85(7) of the Act within ninety (90) days of the registration of the lien; or
- C absence that is satisfactory to the Board, acting reasonably. fails to attend three (3) Board meetings in any given year and is unable to provide an explanation for his or her
- 5.05 such person is present at the meeting when so elected or appointed, and does not refuse to act as a director Consent of Director: No election or appointment of a person as a director shall be effective unless he or she consents in writing to act as a director, either before the meeting at which such person was so elected or appointed, or within ten (10) days thereafter. A person shall be deemed to have consented to his or her election or appointment as a director if
- 5.06 Election and Term: The directors of the Corporation shall be elected in rotation, and shall be eligible for re-election. At the Turnover Meeting held pursuant to Section 43 of the Act, one (1) director shall be elected to hold office for a term of one (1) year; one (1) director shall be elected to hold office for a term of two (2) years; and one (1) director shall be elected to hold office for a term of three (3) years. Such directors may, however, continue to act until their successors the director or directors receiving the greater number of votes shall complete the longest remaining terms of the resigning directors. At each annual meeting thereafter, a number of directors equal to the number of directors retiring in such year shall be elected for a term of three (3) years. Nothing shall preclude any retiring director(s) from running for re-election. are elected. If more than one (1) of such directors whose terms are not of equal duration shall resign from the Board prior to the expiration of their respective terms, and shall be replaced at a meeting of owners called for that purpose, then
- 5.07 the Turnover Meeting, but in any subsequent year more than fifteen (15%) percent of the units become owner-occupied, then the director whose term expires in that year shall be designated as the director to be elected by owners of the owner-occupied units, and thereafter when that position becomes vacant, the director for that position shall correspondingly be voted upon only by the owners of owner-occupied units, and shall accordingly be elected to hold office hold office for a term of three (3) years. If the number of owner-occupied units does not exceed fifteen (15%) percent at for that position shall likewise be voted upon only by the owners of the owner-occupied units, and shall be elected to Director shall be the director for the three (3) year term, and thereafter when that position becomes vacant, the director is expressly defined in subsection 51(5) of the Act) may elect a person to, or alternatively remove a person from, one (1) of the positions on the Board (hereinafter referred to as the "Owner-Occupied Director"). The Owner-Occupied (pursuant to subsection 43(1) of the Act), 49(3) of the Act) are owner-occupied on or after the time at which the Board is required to call the Turnover Meeting Owner-Occupied Units: If at least fifteen (15%) percent of the units (that are not ineligible to vote under subsection then no persons other than the owners of owner-occupied units (as such term for a term of
- 5.08 Removal of Directors: Save and except for the Owner-Occupied Director, a director may be removed before the expiration of his or her term by a vote of the owners at a meeting duly called for that purpose, where the owners of more than fifty (50%) percent of all of the units in the Corporation vote in favour of such removal (pursuant to subsection 33(1) of the Act). In accordance with the provisions of this by-law dealing with the election of directors generally, the

meeting, elect any qualified person in place of any director who has been so removed, or who has died or resigned, for the remainder of his or her term. Pursuant to subsection 51(8) of the Act, the Owner-Occupied Director may only be removed by a vote of the owners at a meeting duly called for that purpose, where the owners of more than fifty (50%) percent of all of the owner-occupied units in the Corporation vote in favour of removal owners may, at the meeting in which the aforementioned director was removed, or at any other annual or special

- 5.09 the meeting may be called by any owner. A vacancy resulting from an increase in the number of directors shall be filled only by election at a meeting of owners duly called for that purpose, and the director(s) so elected shall not act until the by-law increasing the number of directors is registered under subsection 56(9) of the Act. Filling of Vacancies: If a vacancy in the membership of the Board occurs, other than by way of removal by a vote of owners or as a result of the number of directors being increased, then provided a quorum of the Board remains in office, the majority of the remaining members of the Board may appoint any qualified person to be a member of the Board to fill such vacancy until the next annual meeting, at which time the vacancy shall be filled by way of an election by the forthwith call a meeting of owners to fill all the vacancies, and in default thereof (or if there are no directors in office) However, when there is not a quorum of directors remaining in office, the directors then in office
- 5.10 business to be discussed at the meeting Sunday and statutory holidays as defined by the *Interpretation Act* of Canada) before the time when the meeting is to be held. The notice of a meeting of directors shall state the time and place of the meeting and the general nature of the the by-laws of the Corporation, a quorum of the directors may, at any time, call a meeting for the transaction of any business. Unless otherwise provided in any by-laws of the Corporation to the contrary, notice of any meeting so called and on such day as the president and any other director may determine; and the secretary shall call meetings when directly authorized by the president and any other director to do so. In addition to meetings of the directors required by been given, then to his or her last known place of residence) not less than forty-eight (48) hours (excluding Saturdays, each director at the address for service given by each director to the Corporation (or if no such address for service has shall be given personally, by courier delivery, by prepaid mail, by telefax or by electronic communication addressed to Calling of Meetings of the Board: Meetings of the Board shall be held from time to time at such place and at such time
- 5.11 of such meeting, or if those absent have formally waived notice of the meeting in writing, or have otherwise signified in writing their consent to the holding of such meeting. A director who attends a meeting shall be deemed to have waived the right to object to a failure to give the required notice, unless such director expressly objects to such failure at the contrary, no notice of a meeting of directors shall be necessary if all the directors are present and consent to the holding Waiving Notice of a Meeting of the Board: Notwithstanding the foregoing provisions of Section 5.10 hereof to the
- of the Board conducted in the manner contemplated herein, without the necessity of requiring new consents prior to each and every meeting, provided that such resolution (and the standing consent referred to therein) shall be automatically other form of communication system that allows all of the directors to participate concurrently and to communicate with each other simultaneously and instantaneously, provided that all of the directors participating in a meeting held or convened by such means have consented thereto, and a director so participating in any such meeting held or convened by such means shall be deemed (for the purposes of subsection 35(5) of the Act and this by-law) to be present at such revoking his or her consent to such resolution meeting. The Board may, by resolution signed by all the directors, provide their consent, in advance, to having meetings Board Meetings by Teleconference: A meeting of the Board may be held or convened by way of teleconference, or any ineffective from and after (but not prior to) the delivery to the Board by any director
- 5.13 hour to be named. Regular Meetings: egular Meetings: The Board may appoint a day or days in any month or months for regular meetings at a place and our to be named. A copy of any resolution of the Board fixing a place and time of regular meetings of the Board shall sent to each director forthwith after being passed, but no other notice shall be required for any such regular meetings.
- 5.14 and for the election and appointment of officers) immediately following the appointment of the directors to the first Board by the Declarant of the Corporation in accordance with subsection 42(1) of the Act, provided that a quorum of even though no meeting is held to vote on the resolution. directors is present. The first Board shall hold office until a new Board is elected at the Turnover Meeting. A written resolution that is adopted by the first Board before the owners elect a director to the Board under subsection 42(8) of the First Meeting of New Board: The Board may, without notice, hold its first meeting (for the purpose of organization, Act, and that is signed by all of the directors entitled to vote on the resolution at a meeting of the first Board, is valid
- 5.15 his or her remuneration as a director, officer or employee of the Corporation, or unless the director's interest arises (or would arise) solely because such director is also a director, officer or employee of the Declarant, and was appointed to the first Board by the Declarant under subsection 42(1) of the Act. If a director has complied with the requirements of material interest in any material contract or transaction, to which the Corporation is or will be a party (other than one in which his or her interest is limited to remuneration as a director, officer or employee), or any material interest in a proposed contract or transaction to which the Corporation will be a party (and that is or will be material to the Corporation), shall declare his or her interest in such contract or transaction (and shall correspondingly disclose in director first became so interested, in accordance with the provisions of subsection 40(4) of the Act. The Board shall enter the disclosure made by such director in the minutes of the meeting of the Board at which the disclosure was made. proposed contract or transaction) is first considered, or alternatively at the next meeting of the directors held after such Disclosure of Director's Interest in Contracts: Every director of the Corporation who has, directly or indirectly, any is (or would be) limited solely to the liability insurance for directors and officers described in Section 39 of the Act, or to of such contract or transaction, be counted in the quorum, unless such director's interest in such contract or transaction writing the nature and extent of such interest), at the meeting of the Board at which said contract or transaction (or said Such director shall not be present during discussions at said meeting, shall refrain from voting, and shall not, in respect The Board shall

Section 40 of the Act, then such director, if he or she was acting honestly and in good faith at the time the contract or transaction was (or is) entered into, shall not, by reason only of holding the position of director, be accountable to the Corporation or to any owners for any profit or gain realized from such contract or transaction, and such contract or transaction shall not be voidable by reason only of the director's interest therein. Even if such a director has not fully complied with the requirements of Section 40 of the Act, provided such director was acting honestly and in good faith at of director, be accountable to the Corporation or to any owners for any profit or gain realized from such contract or transaction (and such contract or transaction shall not be voidable by reason only of the director's interest therein) if the contract or transaction is confirmed or approved by at least two-thirds of the votes cast at a meeting of owners duly called for that purpose, and the nature and extent of the director's interest are declared and disclosed in reasonable detail in the notice calling the meeting. the time the contract or transaction was (or is) entered into, such director shall not, by reason only of holding the position

- 5.16 Standard of Care: Every director and officer shall exercise the powers and discharge the duties of his or her office honestly and in good faith, and shall exercise the care, diligence and skill that a reasonably prudent person would exercise in comparable circumstances.
- 5.17 Consent of Director at Meeting: A director who is present at a meeting of directors, or committee of directors, is deemed to have consented to any resolution passed at such meeting or to any action taken thereat, unless such director:
- <u>a</u> requests that his or her dissent is entered in the minutes of the meeting; or
- ড delivers a written dissent to the secretary of the meeting before the meeting is terminated

provisions hereof A director who votes for (or consents to) a resolution is not entitled to dissent under or pursuant to the foregoing

- 5.18 action taken is deemed to have consented thereto unless within seven (7) days after becoming aware of the resolution, Deemed Consent of a Director: A director who was not present at a meeting at which a resolution was passed or any
- causes his or her dissent to be entered into (or annexed to) the minutes of the meeting; or
- ড delivers a written dissent to the Corporation, personally or be registered mail
- 5.19 director or officer, or for any loss or expense happening to the Corporation through the insufficiency or deficiency of title to any property acquired (by resolution or order of the Board) for or on behalf of the Corporation, or for the insufficiency or deficiency of any security in, or upon which, any monies of the Corporation are (or have been) invested or her office or in relation thereto, unless the same shall happen through or in connection with (or be caused directly or indirectly by) such director's or officer's own dishonest or fraudulent act or acts, or through or by such director's or on his or her part, or for any other loss, damage or misfortune which might happen in the execution of the duties of his effects of the Corporation are (or have been) deposited, or for any loss occasioned by an error of judgment or oversight damage arising from the bankruptcy, insolvency or tortious act of any person with whom any of the monies, securities or (provided, however, that such investment was made in compliance with the requirements of the Act), or for any loss or Protection of Directors and Officers: No director or officer shall be liable for the acts, neglect or default of any other gross negligence, recklessness, willful blindness or intentional misconduct.
- 5.20 trustee, successors, and other legal personal representatives shall at all times be indemnified and saved harmless by the Indemnity of Directors and Officers: Every director and officer of the Corporation and their respective heirs, estate Corporation from and against:
- 2) permitted to be done, or omitted to be done, by him or her, in respect of the execution of the duties of his or her any liability and all costs, charges and expenses that the director or officer sustains or incurs in respect of any action, suit or proceeding that is proposed or commenced against him or her for or in respect of anything done,
- <u>b</u> all other costs, charges and expenses that such director or officer sustains or incurs in respect of the affairs of the Corporation;

such director's or officer's own dishonest or fraudulent act or acts, or through or by such director's or officer's gross negligence, recklessness, willful blindness or intentional misconduct (with all of the liabilities and costs for which each director and officer shall be indemnified being hereinafter collectively referred to as the "Liabilities"), unless the Act or the by-laws of the Corporation provide otherwise, on the express understanding that: excluding however all costs, charges and expenses incurred directly or indirectly as a result of (or in connection with)

- C expenses that he or she sustains or incurs arising from (or in connection with) any action, suit or other proceeding in which such director or officer is adjudged to be in breach of his or her duty to act honestly and in no director or officer shall be indemnified by the Corporation in respect of any liabilities, costs, charges and/or
- 9 becomes aware expenses in connection therewith) forthwith after the director or officer receives notice thereof or otherwise the Corporation is advised on any such action, suit or other proceeding (and of all liabilities, costs, charges and of same; and

5.21 e) the Corporation is given the right to join in the defense of any such action, suit or proceeding.

Indemnity Insurance for Directors and Officers: Subject to any limitations contained in the Act, the Corporation shall purchase and maintain insurance for the benefit of every director and officer of the Corporation in order to indemnify them against the Liabilities.

### ARTICLE VI - OFFICERS

- 6.01Elected President: At the first meeting of the Board, and after each election of the directors, the Board shall elect from among its members a president. In default of such election, the then incumbent, if a member of the Board, shall hold office until his or her successor is elected. A vacancy occurring from time to time in such officer of the president may be filled by the Board from among its members.
- 6.02 Appointed or Elected Officers: From time to time the Board shall appoint or elect a secretary and a treasurer, and such other officers as the Board may determine from time to time, including without limitation, one or more assistants to any of the officers so appointed or elected. The officer so appointed or elected may, but need not be, a member of the Board. and the by-laws of the Corporation. such duties as the Board may from time to time determine, provided same are consistent with the Act, the Declaration The same person may hold two or more offices. The officers of the Corporation shall have such authority and perform
- 6.03 Term of Office: The Board may, by resolution, remove at its pleasure any officer to the Corporation, on the express understanding that all officers shall adhere to, and be governed by, the same qualifications which apply to directors, pursuant to the provisions of Articles 5.03 and 5.04 hereof.
- 6.04 all lawful means at the Board's disposal of concern, and shall direct the enforcement of the Act, the Declaration, the by-laws and the rules of the Corporation, by so, the president shall deal directly with the Corporation's property manager and the Corporation's solicitor in all areas all meetings of the owners and of the Board (or specifically designate the chairperson at all such meetings). The president shall have one vote only at all meetings of the Board, and shall co-ordinate the overall activities of the remaining members of the Board, and of the officers. The president shall be charged with the general supervision of the business and affairs of the Corporation, and in the absence of a resolution of the Board specifying another officer to do <u>President</u>: The president shall, when present (unless he or she has delegated the responsibility) preside as chairperson at all such meetings). The
- 6.05 presumed with reference thereto. A vi Board may prescribe from time to time by the Board). exercised) by the vice-president, or if there are more than one, by the vice-presidents in order of seniority (as determined Board, then during the absence of the president, his or her duties may be perfonned (and his or her powers may be Vice-President: Provided that a vice-president has been elected or appointed as an officer of the Corporation by the If the vice-president exercises any such duty or power, then the absence of the president shall be A vice-president shall also perform such duties and exercise such powers and the
- 6.06 provision does not require the secretary to physically keep these documents in his or her personal possession or custody), and shall perform such other duties as may from time to time be prescribed by the Board. The secretary shall also cause to have the by-laws of the Corporation registered on title, and cause notice of all by-laws and rules enacted from time to time to be sent to all owners and mortgagees, as required by the Act. If no vice-president absence of the president shall be presumed with reference thereto. has been elected or appointed as aforesaid, then during the absence of the president, his or her duties may be performed owners and shall enter or cause to be entered in books kept for that purpose, minutes of all proceedings at such meetings. Secretary: The secretary shall give or cause to be given all notices required to be given to the owners, directors, auditors, mortgagees and all others entitled thereto. The secretary shall attend all meetings of the directors and of the papers, records, documents and other instruments belonging to the Corporation (on the understanding that the foregoing (and his or her powers may be exercised) by the secretary. If the secretary exercises any such duty or power, then the The secretary shall also be the custodian of all books,
- 6.07 deposit of the money, the safekeeping of securities and the disbursement of funds of the Corporation. The treasurer shall render to the Board at any meeting thereof, or whenever required of the treasurer, an account of all his or her transactions as treasurer and of the financial position of the Corporation, and he or she shall perform such other duties as limiting the generality of the foregoing, the treasurer shall assist in preparing: may from time to time be directed by the Board. The offices of secretary and treasurer may be combined. receipts and disbursements of the Corporation and, under the direction of the Board, the treasurer shall control the Treasurer: The treasurer shall keep or cause to be kept full and accurate books of account in which shall be recorded all
- <u>a</u> in consultation with the property manager, the annual budget (together with the annual financial statements to presented to the owners at the annual general meeting);
- ত in consultation with the property manager and any other person(s) as may be selected by the Board, a reserve fund plan, if and when required; and
- ಲ in consultation with any person(s) selected by the Board, an investment plan for the Corporation's funds.
- 6.08 appointed may be exercised and performed by such assistant unless the Board otherwise directs. for, or as the Board may require of them. Other Officers: The duties of all other officers of the Corporation shall be such as the terms of their engagement calls Any of the powers and duties of an officer to whom an assistant has been
- 6.09 WWLIB:346257.1\122303-00003 Agents and Attorneys: The Board shall have the power to appoint, from time to time, agents or attorneys of the Corporation who shall have such powers of management or otherwise (including the power to sub-delegate) as the Board

may think fit or deem appropriate.

6.10 Committees: In order to assist the Board in managing the affairs of the Corporation, the Board may from time to time establish or constitute such advisor committees to advise and make recommendations to the Board in connection with any activities undertaken (or under consideration) by the Board, including those related to management, budgets, rules and/or any other matters related to the common elements or any facilities, services or amenities (or any portion thereof). The members of such committees shall be appointed by the Board to hold office, and may be removed at any time by resolution of the Board.

## ARTICLE VII - BANKING ARRANGEMENTS AND CONTRACTS

- 7.01 signing, drawing, accepting, endorsing, negotiating, lodging, depositing or transferring of any cheques, promissory notes, drafts, acceptances, bills of exchange and orders relating to any property of the Corporation; the execution of any agreement relating to any such banking business, and the defining of the rights and powers of the parties thereto; and the business, or any part thereof, shall be transacted on the Corporation's behalf by any one or more officers, or other persons, as the Board may designate or authorize form time to time by resolution, and to the extent therein provided, including, without restriction the generality of the foregoing, the operation of the Corporation's accounts, the making, such banking business. authorizing of any officer of such bank or trust company to do any act or thing on the Corporation's behalf to facilitate bank or trust company as the Board may designate or authorize form time to time by resolution, and all such banking Banking Arrangements: The banking business of the Corporation or any part thereof shall be transacted with such
- 7.02 be signed by any two directors of the Corporation. Any contract or obligation within the scope of any management agreement entered into by the Corporation may be executed on behalf of the Corporation in accordance with the provisions of such management agreement. The manager of the Corporation, any two members of the Board, or the Corporation's solicitor, may execute a certificate of lien or discharge thereof. Subject to the provisions of the Act and Corporation, the Board may at any time (and from time to time) by resolution direct the manner in which, and the person or persons by whom, any particular deed, transfer, assignment, contract, cheque or obligation, or any class of deeds, transfers, assignments, contracts, cheques or obligations of the Corporation may or shall be signed. the Declaration, but notwithstanding any provisions to the contrary contained herein or in any other by-laws of the behalf of the Corporation, all deeds, transfers, assignments, contracts and obligations on behalf of the Corporation may Execution of Instruments: Subject to the provisions of the Act, and subject to the provisions of any other by-law(s) of Corporation specifically designating the person or persons authorized to execute any type or class of documents on
- 7.03 person or persons expressly authorized and empowered to execute same on behalf of the Corporation, nor shall nay such document or instrument be duly witnessed, in order to be valid, effective and binding upon the Corporation, provided that the name of the signatory, his or her office in the Corporation, and the phrase "I/We have authority to bind the binding effect on the Corporation (for all purposes) as if same had been duly executed under the seal of the Corporation. same on behalf of the Corporation, and any such duly executed document or instrument shall have the same validity and Corporation" are clearly set out below the signature(s) of the person(s) expressly authorized and empowered to execute require a seal need not be executed under the seal of the Corporation, provided that same has been duly executed by the No Seal: Despite anything contained in this by-law to the contrary, any document or instrument that would otherwise
- 7.04 Execution of the Status Certificate: Status certificates may be signed by any officer or director of the Corporation, with or without the seal of the Corporation affixed thereto (unless otherwise required by the Act), provided that the Board may, by resolution, direct the manner in which, and the person(s) by whom, such certificates may or shall be

## ARTICLE VIII - FINANCIAL YEAR-END

8.01the last day of the month in which the Declaration and description creating the Corporation were registered Unless otherwise determined by resolution of the Board, the financial year of the Corporation shall end, in each year, on

### ARTICLE IX - THE CORPORATION

- 9.01 <u>Duties of the Corporation</u>: In addition to the duties and obligations set forth in the Declaration, the duties of the Corporation shall expressly include, but shall not be limited to, the following:
- 9 controlling, managing and administering the common elements and assets of the Corporation;
- ছ taking all reasonable steps to ensure that the owners, the occupiers of units, the lessees of the common elements (if any), and the agents and employees of the Corporation comply with the provisions of the Act, the Declaration, the by-laws and rules of the Corporation, in a consistent and timely manner;
- C operating, maintaining and repairing the common elements and assets of the Corporation in a fit and proper condition, in accordance with the provisions of the Declaration, including the repair of any units if and when the respective owners thereof fail to do so, as provided for in the Act and the Declaration;
- 9 the respective amounts owing; expenses, and to maintain and enforce the Corporation's lien arising pursuant to subsection 85(1) of the Act against each unit in respect of which the owner has defaulted in the payment of common expenses, and retaining and instructing legal counsel and/or the Corporation's property manager to prepare and register all certificates of lien for arrears of common expenses, and to ultimately discharge said liens following payment of taking all reasonable steps to collect from each unit owner his or her proportionate share of the common

- ٩ arranging for the supply of all requisite private or public utility services to the common elements and to the units (unless separately metered), except where the Corporation is prevented form carrying out such duty by reason of any event beyond the reasonable control of the Corporation, on the express understanding that if any within which to repair or replace such apparatus or equipment and the Corporation shall not be liable for any time, of fulfilling its function, or is damaged or destroyed, then the Corporation shall have a reasonable time apparatus or equipment used in effecting the supply of any requisite utility service(s) becomes incapable, at any indirect or consequential damages, or for damages for personal discomfort or illness by reason of the breach of
- ħ cause any damage to the common elements, nor to any other unit(s), inconvenience and disruption to the residents of the Condominium as equipment within, or appurtenant to, and unit(s)), in an effort to ensure that any such work or service does not cause any damage to the common elements, nor to any other unit(s), and causes the least amount of supplying, installing, replacing and/or servicing their respective systems and/or equipment (or any systems or monitoring all public or private service companies which enter upon the common elements for the purpose of is reasonably possible under the least amount
- 9 question of what shall constitute an improvement made to any unit shall be determined by reference to a standard unit for the class of unit to which such unit belongs, and in this regard, the standard unit for the class of units to which all dwelling units in this Condominium belong shall be the standard unit described in the purposes of determining the amount of insurance to be effected, on the express understanding that the assets of the Corporation that may be required by the Act, the Declaration or the by-laws of the Corporation for and/or the by-laws, and procuring any appraisals of the full replacement cost of the common elements and laws, including without limitation, insurance against damage to the units and common elements (excluding damage to any improvements made to any or all of the units) as may be required by the Act, the Declaration obtaining and maintaining insurance for the property as may be require by the Act, the Declaration or the by-Appendix "A" to this by-law;
- $\Xi$ their duty to act honestly and in good faith; matters described in subsections 38 (1)(a) and (b) of the Act, provided such insurance is reasonably available, but expressly excluding insurance against a liability, cost, charge or expense incurred as a result of a breach of obtaining and maintaining insurance for the benefit of all directors and officers of the Corporation against the
- ت event of an insurable loss; Corporations Act, R.S.O. 1990 as amended, or with a chartered bank or other firm or company qualified to act as an insurance trustee, to ensure the proper disposition of all applicable insurance proceeds (in excess of fifteen (15%) percent of the replacement cost of the property covered by the applicable insurance policy) in the entering into an insurance trust agreement with a trust company registered under The Loan and Trust
- 5 reasonable, fo behalf of the obtaining and maintaining fidelity bonds where reasonably obtainable, in such amounts as the Board may deem for such officers, directors and/or employees as are authorized to receive or disburse any funds on le Corporation;
- ろ Declaration and the by-laws; repairing after damage the units and the common elements in accordance with the provisions of the Act, the
- ) and the by-laws); preparing a yearly budget statement, and causing audits to be made after every year-end of the Corporation (and correspondingly making financial statements available to the owners and mortgagees in accordance with the Act
- $\Xi$ information as may be prescribed by the Act) as and when the Corporation has been requested for same, and the Corporation shall be entitled to a fee (up to the maximum amount prescribed by the Act from time to time) for providing same, provided however that the Corporation shall be obliged to furnish the Declarant with a status or mortgage of any unit(s) in this Condominium, all without any charge or fee to the Declarant whatsoever; providing status certificates (together with all requisite accompanying documentation, statements and the Act) as and when the Declarant requests same, from time to time, in connection with any sale, transfer, lease certificate (and the requisite accompanying documentation, statements and information as may be prescribed by
- 三 by-laws of the Corporation; calling and holding meetings of owners and directors respectively, and delivering all requisite notices in connection therewith, at the times and in the manner required or contemplated by the Act, the Declaration and
- 9 investing the monies of the Corporation (or monies held by the Corporation) in accordance with the provisions
- g) Act; establishing and maintaining one or more reserve funds that adequately provided for the major repair and replacement of the common elements and assets of the Corporation in accordance with the provisions of the
- 9 taking all reasonable steps to settle, adjust and/or refer to mediation and/or arbitration (in accordance with the provisions of the Act) any claim asserted against the Corporation, or any claim asserted by or on behalf of the Corporation; and

- J time, including without limitation, those records more particularly described in Article III hereof keeping and maintaining adequate records as required by the Act, the Declaration and the by-laws from time to
- Powers of the Corporation: The powers of the Corporation shall include, but shall not be limited to, the following:

9.02

- 2 employing and dismissing personnel necessary or desirable for the maintenance and operation of the common
- 9 adopting and amending the rules of the Corporation concerning the operation and use of the property;
- C compensation to be determined by the Board (and on terms and conditions acceptable to the Board), pursuant to which such manager shall be obliged to perform such duties and services as the Board shall authorize or deem professional management services in respect of the property, entering into an agreement with a condominium property/building manager or management company to provide for and on behalf of the Corporation, at a
- 9 investing monies held by the Corporation, in accordance with the provisions of the Act;
- <u>e</u> made against or asserted by or on behalf of the Corporation, including without limitation, the power to mediate and/or arbitrate any of the matters or issues referred to in Section 132 of the Act, as well as any issues in dispute settling, adjusting, compromising or referring to mediation or arbitration any claim or claims which may be in respect of any contract(s) or agreement(s) to which the Corporation is a party;
- (Ì borrowing of such amounts in any fiscal year as the Board determines are necessary or desirable in order to protect, maintain, preserve or ensure the due and continued operation of the property in accordance with the Act, the Declaration and the by-laws of the Corporation, and securing any loan of any amount by mortgage, pledge or charge of any asset (other than the reserve fund) of the Corporation, subject in each case to the current budget, without requiring the approval or affirmative vote of any owners thereto; overdraft protection in its general account, in an amount not exceeding one-twelfth (1/12) of the Corporation's approval of each such borrowing, loan and/or security by a majority vote of the owners at a meeting duly called for that purpose, or as may otherwise be required by the Act, provided however that the Board may maintain
- 8 owners, residents and tenants of the Condominium, from accessing or using any of the amenities, services and/or facilities of the Corporation which are otherwise available for the use or enjoyment of the owners, residents and tenants of the restricting those persons who do not reside within the Condominium's premises, and who are not guests of the Condominium;
- 三 that his or her unit assessment appeal not proceed (or be withdrawn) and that the Corporation no longer act as his or her agent regarding the objection of any such assessment, whereupon the Corporation shall take all reasonable steps to formally withdraw any appeal filed on behalf of such owner in respect of his or her unit that the Corporation gives notice of the objections to the owners, as contemplated in subsection 56(1)(f) of the objecting to assessments under the Assessment Act, R.S.O. 1990, as amended, on behalf of the owners, together Act, on the express understanding that any owner may notify the Corporation in writing of such owner's desire with the power and authority to defray the costs of any such objections out of the common expenses, provided
- ij owned by the Corporation, at any price, on such terms, and in such manner as the Board may in its sole discretion deem advisable, and to do all things and execute all documents required to give effect to the foregoing, subject however to complying with any overriding provisions of the Act, if and where applicable; selling, conveying, exchanging, assigning or otherwise dealing with any real or personal property at any time
- 5 this by-law shall accordingly be deemed and construed for all such purposes to be (and constitute) the by-law providing the Board with the requisite authority to enter into any such lease, licence, easement or right-of-way, or any such release and abandonment of easement, and any such lease, license, easement, right-of-way or release of easement may be executed on behalf of the Corporation by the authorized signing officer(s) of the way or license over, upon, under or through (or otherwise affecting) any part of parts of the common elements, and/or releasing and abandoning any appurtenant easement(s) or right(s)-of-way heretofore or hereafter granted to (or created in favour of) the Corporation, in respect of any servient tenement burdened or encumbered any unit owner(s) thereto; the Corporation without requiring the consent or concurrence of (or the written authorization or signature of) authorize such a lease, licence, easement or right-of-way, or such a release and abandonment of easement, then thereby, on the express understanding that to the extent that subsection 21(1) of the Act require a by-law to leasing any part of the non-exclusive use common elements, or granting or transferring any easement, right-of-Corporation, with or without the seal of the Corporation affixed thereto, and same shall be valid and binding on
- ど the seal of the Corporation affixed thereto, and same shall be valid and binding on the Corporation without Board with the requisite authority to enter into any such lease or licence and any such lease or licence may be executed on behalf of the Corporation by the authorized signing officer(s) of the Corporation, with or without otherwise permitted by the terms of the Declaration, on the express understanding that to the extent that leasing or granting a licence over any parking space contained within the visitors' parking area of the Condominium on terms to be determined by the Corporation, if, and only to the extent that same may be accordingly be deemed and construed for all such purposes to be (and constitute) the by-law providing the 21(1) of the Act requires a by-law to authorize such a lease or licence, then this by-law shall

requiring the consent or concurrence of (or the written authorization or signature of) any unit owner(s) thereto;

- law providing the Board with the requisite authority to enter into any such lease or licence agreement or arrangement in relation to such handicapped parking space(s), and any such lease or licence may be executed on behalf of the Corporation by the authorized signing officer(s) of the Corporation, with or without the seal of leasing or granting a licence over any portion of the common elements for the purpose of designating same as a parking space for the use of handicapped persons, on terms and conditions which the Board considers just and reasonable, and to persons entitled by law to use such handicapped parking spaces, on the express understanding that to the extent that the Act may require a by-law to expressly authorize such a lease or licence, consent or concurrence of (or the written authorization or signature of) any unit owner(s) thereto; the Corporation affixed thereto, and same shall be valid and binding on the Corporation without requiring the then this by-law shall accordingly be deemed and construed for all such purposes to be (and constitute) the by-
- $\Xi$ appropriate by the Board; conducting an audit of the building an/or operations of the Corporation, as and when deemed
- 己 improvement to the common elements that is not otherwise contrary to the Act or the Declaration, as provided or contemplated by subsection 98(1)(b) of the Act; agreement with any owner or owners who desire to make an addition, alteration or
- 9 any shared services, amenities or facilities (or any portion thereof), if and where applicable; and entering into, or amending, any agreement with one or more other condominium corporations with respect to
- **D** entering into (and correspondingly binding the Corporation to the terms and provision specific agreements, with or without the seal of the Corporation affixed thereto, namely: the terms and provisions of) the following
- $\odot$ respect to the management of this Condominium; a management agreement entered into with a property manager selected by the Corporation, with
- $\Xi$ elements of this Condominium; and an insurance trust agreement entered into with an insurance trustee, in respect of the units and common
- (iii) satisfactory to the Board; and an with the owner of any unit as provided or contemplated by subsection 98(1)(b) of the Act on terms
- 3 any other agreements which may be permitted by the Act and which are deemed advisable, desirable or necessary by the Board, from time to time.

#### ARTICLE X - NOTICE

- 10.01 Method of Giving Notices: Except as otherwise specifically provided in the Act, the Declaration, this by-law, or any other by-law(s) of the Corporation hereafter enacted, any notice(s), communication(s) or other documents(s), including budgets and notices of assessment required to be given, served or delivered shall be sufficiently given or served if given in accordance with the following provisions:
- <u>2</u> his or her name and address for service), by giving same to such owner (or to any director or officer of such owner, if the owner is a corporation) either: To an owner (who has notified the Corporation in writing of his or her ownership interest in any unit, and of
- $\Xi$ service given by such owner to the Corporation; personally, by courier, or by ordinary mail, postage prepaid, addressed to such owner at the address for
- $\equiv$ by facsimile transmission, electronic mail, or be any other method of electronic communication (if the in writing that the party giving the notice may do so in this manner); or
- $\Xi$ delivered at the owner's unit or at the mail box for the owner's unit, unless:
- 3 the party giving the notice has received a written request from the owner that the notice not be given in this manner; or
- $\mathbb{B}$ the address for service that appears in the Voting Record is not the address owner of the unit of the
- 9 and of his or her name and address for service, and of his or her right under the terms of the mortgage to vote at a meeting of owners (or to consent in writing) in the place and stead of the mortgagor/unit owner), by giving same to such mortgagee (or to any director or officer of such mortgagee, if the mortgagee is a corporation) either: To a mortgagee (who has notified the Corporation in writing of his or her interest as mortgagee in any unit,
- $\odot$ personally, by courier, or by ordinary mail, postage prepaid, addressed to such mortgagee at the address for service given by such mortgagee to he Corporation; or
- WWLIB:346257,1\122303-00003  $\Xi$ by facsimile transmission, electronic mail, or by any other method of electronic communication (if the

- mortgagee agrees in writing that the party giving the notice may do so in this manner).
- C To the Corporation by giving same personally to any director or officer of the Corporation, or by courier or by registered mail, postage prepaid, addressed to the Corporation at its address for service as set out in the Declaration, or as changed in accordance with the requirements of the
- 10.02 deemed to have been received (and to be effective) on the next day following the day on which same was personally delivered, couriered, telefaxed, or sent by any other method of electronic communication, as the case may be. Receipt of Notice: If any notice is mailed as aforesaid, then such notice shall be deemed to have been received (and to by courier, or by facsimile transmission or by any other method of electronic communication, then such notice shall be be effective) on the second  $(2^{nd})$  day following the day on which same was mailed. If any notice id delivered personally communication, as the
- 10.03substance thereof, shall not invalidate any action taken at any meeting of owners or directors held pursuant to such notice or otherwise founded thereon. Omissions and Errors: Except as may otherwise be provided in accordance with the Act, the accidental omission to give any notice to anyone entitled thereto, or the non-receipt of such notice, or any error in any notice not affecting the

# ARTICLE XI - ASSESSMENT AND COLLECTION OF COMMON EXPENSES

- 11.01 annually, prepare the budget for the Corporation and determine, by estimate, the amount of common expenses for the next ensuing fiscal year or remainder of the current fiscal year, as the case may be, which shall specifically include a provision for the Corporation's reserve fund as require by the Act. incurred or may incur or expend in connection with the operation, maintenance and/or repair of the common elements and assets of the Corporation, and as more particularly described in Schedule "E" to the Declaration, together with any other expenses, charges or costs which the Board may incur or expend pursuant to the provisions of this by-law, shall be common expenses as set forth in Schedule "D" to the Declaration. assessed by the Board and levied against the owners in the proportions in which they are required to contribute to the Duties of the Board Concerning Common Expenses: All costs, charges and expenses which the Corporation has The Board shall, from time to time, and at least once
- 11.02 regulations to the Act, and shall notify the owners and the auditor of all plans for the future funding of the reserve, and shall implement the funding plan in accordance with the provisions of the Act. and shall conduct subsequent reserve fund studies or updates thereof at the times and in the manner prescribed by the towards the common expenses) amounts that the Board determines sufficient for the major repair and replacement of the common elements and assets of the Corporation, calculated on the basis of the expected repair and replacement costs the first year following registration (irrespective of whether the Turnover Meeting has occurred within said time frame), and life expectancy of said common elements and assets. Moreover, the Board shall conduct a reserve fund study within fund in the Corporation's annual budget, and shall accordingly collect from the owners (as part of their contributions maintain a reserve fund in accordance with the requirements of the Act, and make sufficient provision for such reserve Duties of the Board Concerning Reserve Fund: In addition to the foregoing, the Corporation shall establish and
- 11.03expenses are based to all owners and mortgagees entered in the Voting Record. common expenses payable by each of them respectively, and shall deliver copies of each budget on which the common Notice of Common Expenses to Owners: The Board shall advise all owners, promptly in writing, of the amount of the
- 11.04 shall, forthwith following receipt of notice of the common expenses attributable to the owner's unit for the ensuing Owner's Obligations: Each owner shall be obliged to pay to the Corporation the amount of common expenses assessed against such owner's unit, in equal monthly instalments which shall be due and payable on the first (1st) day of each and for by such owner, and may be recovered by the Corporation against such owner in the same manner as common members of his or her family and/or their tenants, residents, employees, invitees or licensees) shall be borne and/or paid Declaration, by-laws or rules of the Corporation in force from time to time, post-dated cheques twelve (12) month period (or other period of time to which the assessment relates), provide to the Corporation a series of otherwise applicable, and continuing until such time as a new budget or assessment is give to such owner. Each owner every month throughout the twelve (12) month period (or other period of time) to which such assessment relates or is post-dated cheques covering the monthly common expenses payable during the period to which such assessment relates. In addition to the foregoing, any losses, costs or damages incurred by the Corporation by reason of a breach of the committed by any unit owner (or by
- 11.05 notice(s) of such special assessment(s) on all owners and mortgagees entered in the Voting Record. The notice of a special assessment shall include a written statement setting out the reasons for same, and the amount of such assessment shall be payable by each owner or mortgagee so notified within ten (10) days of the date of receipt of such notice, or within such further period of time (and in such instalments) as the Board may otherwise determine one or more special assessments, in addition to the annual assessment of the common expenses, by the reserves for contingencies and foreseeable or potential deficits, may be assessed at any time during the year by way of budget and for which the Board does not have sufficient funds, as well as any funds required to establish or augment Extraordinary Expenditures and Special Assessments: Extraordinary expenditures not contemplated in the annual

## 11.06 Default in Payment of Assessment:

amounts within the meaning of the Act. For greater certainty, interest at the aforesaid rate shall be charged on the unpaid balance of the common expenses due and owing by any owner, plus any legal costs and collection or attempted collection of the unpaid amount, and interest shall be charged and accrue upon the aggregate amount and shall be deemed to constitute a reasonable charge incurred by the Corporation in collecting the unpaid twenty-four (24%) percent per annum, calculated and compounded monthly, not in advance, until fully paid, Arrears of payments required to be made under the provisions of this Article XI shall bear interest at the rate of

so due and owning, and shall be compounded monthly until fully paid.

- 9 default of payment of a common expense assessment levied against him or her for a period of fifteen (15) days, then the Board may institute legal actions or proceedings for and on behalf of the Corporation against the delinquent owner to enforce the collection thereof, and there shall be added to any amount due and owing all basis, on the express understanding that all such costs may be collectible against the defaulting owner in the costs incurred in initiating and pursuing any such action or proceeding, including costs on a solicitor and client In addition to any remedies (including the Corporation's lien rights) provided by the Act, if any owner is in common expenses
- C that such notices be sent to him or her of the unit, shall concurrently send a copy of any such notice to each mortgagee of such unit who has requested The Board, when giving notice of default in payment of common expenses (or any other default) to the owner

## ARTICLE XII - LIABILITY FOR COSTS

- 12.01 invitees or licensees (or by any one else for whose actions the owner is responsible at law or in equity). Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, in the event that damage to the common elements (or any portion thereof) has been caused by the deliberate or negligent act or conduct of any owner, those residing in the owner's unit, or by any of their such damage. In those cases where it has been determined that the responsibility for payment of the cost to repair is that of a specific unit owner, or where such an owner requests to repair the damaged portion of the common elements himself or herself, then the Board must approve the selection of the contractor(s) and the method of repair. This such owner shall be responsible for fully reimbursing the Corporation for all costs and expenses incurred in repairing the convenience of the owner(s) involved method of repair and the meeting of standards of uniformity in quality and appearance, and shall take into consideration decision, to be arrived at the sole discretion of the Board, shall be based on a minimum of two (2) bids, shall outline the respective invitees or licensees (or by any one else for whose actions the owner is responsible at law or in equity), then units(s) that has been caused by the owner, by those residing in the owner's unit and/or by any of their respective Violations by Unit Owners and Liability for Costs: The owner of a unit shall be responsible for all costs and expenses incurred to repair any damage to the owner's unit, the common elements (or any portion thereof), and/or any other
- 12.02 Additional Rights of the Corporation: The violation or breach of any provisions of the Act, the Declaration, the bylaws and/or the rules of the Corporation, shall give the Board the following rights, in addition to any other rights or remedies available to the Corporation at law or in equity, or arising under the Act, namely: 9
- <u>a</u> alleviate and remove, at he expense of the defaulting owner, any matter, thing or condition that may exist therein which causes or contributes to such violation or breach (and which is contrary to the intent and meaning of the provisions of the Act, the Declaration, the by-laws and/or the rules), and the Board shall not be guilty of the right to enter the unit in which (or in respect of which) such violation or breach exists, and to endeavour to trespass (nor deemed to be so) as a result thereof; and/or
- <u>5</u> the right to enjoin, restrict, abate or remedy, by appropriate legal proceedings, either at law or in equity, the continuance of any such violation or breach, including without limitation, an application for an order enforcing compliance with any provisions of the Act, the Declaration, the by-laws and/or the rules, pursuant to Section 134 of the Act.
- 12.03 the owner, by or through any act or omission causes damage to such owner's unit, or to any other unit(s), or to any by the insurer, then the portion of any loss that is excluded form coverage shall be deemed a common expense, provided however that if an owner, tenant or any other person residing in the owner's unit with the permission or knowledge of shall be recoverable from such owner in the same manner (and upon the same terms) as unpaid common expenses. (including the increase in insurance premiums, if an, charged or levied against the Corporation by its insurer as a result of such claim or damage, together with all legal costs incurred by the Corporation on a solicitor and client basis), and the Corporation (either directly or indirectly) in resolving such claim and/or having such damage fully rectified added to the common expenses payable in respect of such owner's unit, together with all costs and expenses incurred by to the lesser of the cost of repairing the damage and the deductible limit of the Corporation's insurance policy shall be omission of the Corporation (or any of its directors, officers, agents or employees), then the amount which is equivalent portion of the common elements, in those circumstances where such damage was not caused or contributed by any act or Responsibility for Corporation's Insurance Deductible: Pursuant to subsection 105(2) and (3) of the Act, where any insurance policy obtained or maintained by the Corporation contains a deductible clause that limits the amount payable
- 12.04 liability that is insured against by the Corporation, subject to any insurance deductible. All payments to be made by any owner pursuant to the provisions of this Section 12.04 shall be deemed to be common expenses payable by such owner, and shall be recoverable from such owner by the Corporation in the same manner (and upon the same terms) as unpaid Indemnity of the Corporation by each Owner: Each owner shall indemnify and save the Corporation harmless to the common elements (or any portion thereof) and/or to any other units, except for any loss, cost, damage, injury or act or omission of such owner that causes (either directly or indirectly) any damage or injury to the owner's unit and/or costs on a solicitor and client basis) which the Corporation may suffer or incur as a result of, or in connection with, any and against all costs, claims, damages and/or liabilities (including the Corporation's insurance deductible and its legal All payments to be made by any from

# ARTICLE XIII - RULES GOVERNING THE USE OF UNITS AND COMMON ELEMENTS

- 13.01 Pursuant to Section 58 of the Act, the Board may make, amend or repeal rules respecting the use of the units and common elements, in order to promote the safety, security and/or welfare of the owners and of the property and assets of the subject matter of said requisition or meeting shall become effective only upon the approval of a majority of the owners (represented in person or by proxy) at such meeting. amendment thereto is not effective until the owners approve it, with or without amendment, at a meeting duly called for the owners have previously amended or repealed within the preceding two (2) years, in which case such rule or the consider same, or unless the rule (or an amendment to a rule) has substantially the same purpose or effect as a rule that by-laws of the Corporation. and/or the assets of the Corporation. The rules shall be reasonable and consistent with the Act, the Declaration and the the Corporation, or to prevent unreasonable interference with the use and enjoyment of the common elements, the units that purpose. If such a meeting of owners is requisitioned or otherwise called and convened, then those rules which are to each owner, unless the Board is in receipt of a written requisition requiring a meeting of the owners to Every rule made by the Board shall be effective thirty (30) days after notice thereof has
- 13.02 may, at any time, and from time to time, amend or repeal a rule at a meeting of owners duly called for that purpose, and The rules shall be complied with and enforced in the same manner as the by-laws of the Corporation, but the owners licensees of the units for greater certainty, each of the rules shall be observed by all owners, and by all residents, tenants, invitees and

### ARTICLE XV - MISCELLANEOUS

- 14.01 effect of the balance thereof. Invalidity: The invalidity of any part of his by-law shall not impair or affect in any manner the validity, enforceability or
- 14.02 may be required by the context Gender: The provisions of this by-law shall be read and construed with all necessary changes in gender an/or number as
- 14.03 abrogated or waived by reason of any failure on the part of the Corporation to enforce same, irrespective of the number of violations or breaches thereof which may occur. Waiver: No restriction, condition, obligation or provision contained in this by-law shall be deemed to have been
- 14.04 convenience of reference only. Headings: The headings used throughout this by-law form no part hereof, but shall be deemed to be inserted for
- 14.05 Conflicts: In the event of a conflict or inconsistency between the provisions of the Act, and any provision in the Declaration, by-laws or rules of the Corporation, the Act shall prevail. In the case of a conflict or inconsistency between the provisions in the Declaration, and any provision in the by-laws or rules of the Corporation, the Declaration shall prevail. In the case of a conflict or inconsistency between the provisions in the by-laws of the Corporation, and any Declaration are silent regarding the matter or issue addressed by any of the by-laws, then the provisions of the by-laws provision in the rules of the Corporation, the by-laws of the Corporation shall prevail. In the event that the Act and the

by the respective signatures hereto of all the Directors. The foregoing By-law 1 is hereby passed by the Directors of the Corporation pursuant to the Condominium Act, 1998 as evidenced

DATED this & the day of June, 2007.

Per Dr. Da Wilma Capaldi, Direc ESSEX S ONDOMINIUM CORPORATION NO. 2 と

We have authority to bind the Corporation.

provisions of The Condominium Act of Ontario, the foregoing By-Law No. 1 of the Corporation signed by all of the Directors of the Corporation, as By-Law No. 1 hereto, pursuant to the provisions of The Condominium Act on the 18th day of June, 2007. The undersigned, Portofino Corporation, which owns 100% of the units, hereby confirms, pursuant to the

DATED this \84 day of June, 2007

PORTOFINO CORPORATION

I have the authority to bind the Corporation.

Dan